1	Planning Commission	
2	Martin Memorial Hall	
3	5259 Route 5, Ascutney VT	
4	DRAFT Planning Commission Meeting Minutes	
5	Monday July 27, 2020 7:00 PM	
6 7	Planning Commission Members Present:	
8	Paul Tillman	
9	Fred Kowalik	
10	Howard Beach	
11 12	Chris Whidden, Zoning Administrator	
13	Planning Commission Members Absent:	
14	Tyler Harwell	
15		
16	Online attendees: Nikita Lenahan	
17 18	1.) Call to Order by Chair, Paul Tillman at 7:00 pm	
19	2.) Agenda Review – July 27, 2020	
20	No changes	
21	3.) Comments from the Chair and Land Use Administrator	
22 23	Chris Whidden wanted to make the Planning Commission aware that a petition has been started regarding the noise ordinance. There have been multiple complaints around Town.	
24 25	4.) Comments from Citizens regarding items not on this agenda:	
26 27	Michael Todd spoke as a citizen regarding the issues with internet across Town.	
27 28 29	5.) Approval of Meeting Minutes –	
30	Minutes from 7-13-20	
31	Michael Todd made a motion to approve the minutes from 7-13-20	
32	Howard Beach -2^{nd}	
33	No Discussion	
34	Vote – unanimous	
35		
36	6.) Discussion of noise ordinance standards and enforcement:	
37 38	Paul Tillman noted that the noise ordinance is not on the Town website. He had to Google "Weathersfield, VT noise ordinance" to get a copy. The most recent revision is 12-18-08.	
39 40	Chris Whidden included his recommendation of changes for the Zoning Bylaw to the Planning Commission and submitted to the Selectboard for review.	
41 42	"The questions presented are: 1.) What is required for enforcement of a Notice of Violation related to a violation of the performance standards governing noise; and 3)	

what can the Town of Weathersfield do to remedy the issue of numerous noisecomplaints?

45 <u>**1. What is Required for the enforcement of a Notice of Violation?</u></u>**

46 Notices of Violation are a civil enforcement measure, not criminal. Thus, only a
47 preponderance of the evidence that a violation has occurred is required for enforcement.
48 The bylaw needs to be sufficient to put the public on notice of the proscribed behavior or
49 performance standard. The maximum fine for a noise violation is \$200 per violation
50 under 24 VSA 4451. The Town of Woodstock has also added a bylaw that each time a
51 police officer is called to the scene of a noise complaint it is a separate violation.

52 Zoning Administrators are qualified to conduct decibel readings for Notices of Violation. See In Re Laberge NOV, Docket #2016 VT 99 (VT 2016). In Laberge, the Hinesburg 53 ZA took a noise measurement with a complaining property owner using the property 54 owner's personal decibel reader. Using the reading from the device as supporting 55 56 evidence, the ZA issued a NOV to Laberge. The noise was created by a motocross track that Laberge was operating on his property. At trial, the court enforced the NOV. 57 58 LaBerge appealed to the Vermont Supreme Court, who affirmed the lower court's 59 enforcement of the NOV. The Court explained that in such cases, the Court's practice 60 was to allow a property owner who had purchased and used a sound meter to explain how well they know how to operate it, how they operated it during a time of concern, and 61 what results the meter showed. The court noted that it would afford the readings the 62 63 appropriate weight based upon the credibility of the testimony.

64 Commercial decibel readers are sufficient to provide evidence of a noise violation. See, 65 i.e. Docket # 45-3-12 - In Re Big Rock Gravel Quarry Act 250 Permit. (VT Superior 66 Court, Environmental Division 2012). In *Big Rock*, the applicant for a quarry permit 67 provided evidence from a commercially purchased decibel reader, which the court 68 accepted to show that the operation of the quarry was in conformance with the 69 performance standard. However, the court commented on the applicant's lack of training 70 in the use of the reader, citing his inability to distinguish between db and dbA readings.

71 To bolster the likelihood of meeting that burden, devices can be purchased that have audio recording of the sound that is being measured. Opponents of recordings in court 72 73 would argue that it is hearsay. However, the argument fails because an audio recording is not hearsay because hearsay requires declarant to be a human. The recordings would be 74 75 from a machine, and most likely be recording mechanical noises rather than human voices. Because the recording would be taken from a position on the abutter's property 76 line, the ZA need only show that he had permission from the abutter to take the reading 77 on his property, which can be shown by affidavit or testimony. 78

Therefore, to enforce a notice of violation, the ZA must provide a noise reading paired
with testimony showing familiarity with the surrounding circumstances and the procedure
of sound measurement, that the measurement was taken from a location where the ZA
presence was authorized by the complainant, and the reading on the device. This would

83 likely result in a court finding that a violation has occurred by a preponderance of the84 evidence, and thus make the NOV enforceable.

85 2. What can the Town of Weathersfield do to remedy the issue of multiple noise 86 complaints?

Here, the Zoning Administrator has a duty under the 2017 Weathersfield Bylaws to 87 enforce the regulations found therein. When a complaint is received, the ZA is required 88 to investigate. Since taking office on April 7, 2020, the ZA has responded to multiple 89 noise complaints and has been unable to enforce the bylaws. The ZA's first contact with 90 91 the citizens of Weathersfield was a noise complaint. Further, the ZA has received messages from citizens expressing their disappointment in the Town's inability to ensure 92 enjoyment of their property because of the lack of enforcement. These bylaws contain a 93 noise performance standard that limits the number of decibels that can be emitted from a 94 95 parcel based on the zoning of the parcels involved. The Court has held that a plainly audible standard is not unconstitutionally vague. Further, this noise ordinance is 96 sufficient to put the public on notice of the performance standards applicable to their 97 98 parcels and the proscribed behavior because it gives a numeric standard (decibels) rather than a vague or subjective standard. Because the Bylaws provide a numeric standard, the 99 only way to enforce the bylaw and to establish proof of a violation by a preponderance of 100 the evidence is by the use of a decibel reader paired with the testimony of the user. Thus, 101 without a decibel reader, the ZA is unable to establish evidence to support or enforce a 102 NOV, and the bylaw fails because it is completely unenforceable. 103

Further, the Bylaws require a "trained and certified professional" to measure noise levels. This standard is found in the criminal context, where proof beyond a reasonable doubt is required, rather than a preponderance of the evidence standard required in civil matters. The facts in *LaBerge* clearly show that the standard is that the individual operating the device need only explain how well they know how to operate it, how they operated it during a time of concern, and what results the meter showed. The court would then afford the readings the appropriate weight based upon the credibility of the testimony.

111 <u>3. Conclusion</u>

Therefore, I request the Planning Commission recommend a change to the bylaw in 112 which "trained and certified professional" is replaced with "the Town Manager, Zoning 113 Administrator, Town Health officer, or the Weathersfield Police Officer or Constable" to 114 the Selectboard. I further request that the Planning Commission recommend the purchase 115 of a decibel reader that has audio recording technology at a price not to exceed \$800 to 116 the same, and that the Planning Commission begin the conversation as to the definition of 117 noise producing activities that are exempted from the noise performance standards and 118 include them in the Bylaw updates." 119

120	Respectfully Submitted,
121	Chris Whidden, Esq.
122	Weathersfield Zoning Administrator

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124	Paul Tillman requested that Chris Whidden make a draft to give to the Planning Commission.
125	7) Discussion on annound definitions sociation.
126 127	7.) Discussion on approved definitions section:
128	Chris Whidden to review if we need a hearing for the definitions. Will review with Town
129	Manager. Chris will also draft up changes he would like to make to the sound ordinance bylaw.
130	
	8.) Zoning Bylaws:
132 133	a.) Conservation of Natural Resources – Riparian Buffer
133	a.) Conservation of Natural Resources – Ripartan Durier
135	i. Consider a vote to accept Riparian Buffer bylaw
136 137	Howard Beach made a motion to send the Riparian Buffer bylaw to the Selectboard with the minor change "designated of only named streams."
138	Michael Todd 2 nd
139	Discussion - Howard Beach amended his motion "to send the Riparian Buffer bylaw to the
140	Selectboard for a a hearing with the minor change "designated of only named streams."
141	Vote – Unanimous
142	Paul Tillman requested that Howard Beach supply a clean copy of the Riparian Buffer bylaw.
143	hearing was set for Monday, August 24. 2020 at 7:15 pm for the review of the Riparian Buffer
144	bylaw.
145	ii. Consider a vote to accept the Aquafer protection bylaw
146	Howard Beach made a motion to adopt the map labeled Vermont Geological Survey Open File
147 148	Report VG 017-5, by Stephen Wright dated 2017 as the official protection overlay map for the Town of Weathersfield.
149	Michael Todd 2 nd
150	Vote – Unanimous
151	Howard Beach made a motion to adopt the Town of Weathersfield, VT aquafer protection
152	ordinance as presented 7-27-20.
153	Michael Todd 2 nd
154	Vote – Unanimous
155 156	Paul Tillman set the hearing date for Monday, August 24. 2020 at 7:30 pm for the review of the Aquafer Protection bylaw.
	Aqualet Protection bytaw.
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161	9.) Changes to the zoning map
162 163	a Deview the proposed different Village designations
164	a. Review the proposed different Village designationsb. Look at RR1 and RR35 designations
165	0. Look at KK1 and KK55 designations
166	Paul Tillman brought up a map with overlays to review the various designations for review.
167 168	10.) Status Spreadsheet Review
169 170	a. Review by laws that have been completed and status of non-completed bylaws
171 172	Chris Whidden reviewed and all items marked in "red" are done and have gone to the Selectboard. Items marked "green" need to go to the Selectboard.
173 174	11.) Discussion of items for Future Agendas
175 176 177	 a. Chris Whidden to follow up on the following: i. Create a draft of the noise ordinance with changes for the Planning Commission to review.
178 179	ii. Review if the Planning Commission needs a hearing for the definition section. To be discussed with Brandon Gulnick, Town Manager.
179	b. Howard Beach to provide a clean copy of the Riparian Buffer bylaw for the Planning
181	Commission.
182 183	12.) Any other business that can legally be discussed –
184 185 186	Not everyone on the Planning Commission is receiving their packets in time for the meeting. Chris Whidden will send packets out via email and mailed USPS by Tuesday for anyone that would like a paper copy.
187	13.)Adjourn
188 189	Michael Todd made a motion to adjourn the meeting.
190	Howard Beach 2 nd
191	Meeting adjourned at 9:00 PM
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193 194	Next Planning Commission Meeting is scheduled for Monday August 10, 2020 at 7:00 pm at Martin Memorial Hall.
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197 198 199	Respectfully, Chauncie Tillman Recording Secretary